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Week of Prayer

Adventist World

**Reach
the World**

Faithfulness
to His Word



Adventist World

We believe in the power of prayer, and we welcome prayer requests that can be shared at our weekly staff worship every Wednesday morning. Send your requests to prayer@adventistworld.org, and pray for us as we work together to advance God's kingdom.

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The Importance of God's Word

During this special Week of Prayer, we will consider the most important, influential, and controversial book of all time: the Bible. Without question the Bible is the world's best-selling and most widely distributed book. According to recent estimates, more than 5 billion copies have been printed. The Bible is the most translated book in the world, with various individual books of Scripture translated into 2,932 languages. The entire New Testament is available in 1,333 languages, and the complete Bible in 553 languages.*

Throughout the centuries the Bible has been a source of guidance, comfort, and courage to millions. It has also been banned, burned, maligned, and misrepresented by its opponents.

As Seventh-day Adventists, what impact does this ancient yet timeless Book have on us? How can we be faithful to God and His Word while living in a postmodern world? You will find these timely readings address these questions and more as we explore God's Word.

Questions regarding revelation and the inspiration of the Bible will be addressed in a practical way. Broad principles about how to read the Bible in a faithful and relevant way are presented. Other vital topics are also included: How does the Bible show me Jesus? How does it help me tell the difference between right and wrong? How will it give me hope and courage for these last days?

I encourage you to set aside time each day to "come apart" as a world church family to learn more about the Bible, pray, and listen to God's voice through the pages of His Word.

May the Lord bless you as we prepare for His soon return. Maranatha!

*Statistics from Wycliffe Global Alliance, Oct. 2015, cited in *Biblica*, International Bible Society, www.biblica.com/resources/bible-faqs/how-many-different-languages-has-the-bible-been-translated-into/.

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Why Scripture?

Building faith on the sure Word of God

BY TED N. C. WILSON

The man had been dead and buried for more than 40 years. Then one gray day the peace was broken in a church graveyard in Lutterworth, England, as a strange group approached a certain plot with shovels in their hands. Gathering around the grave, clergymen ordered the diggers to exhume the remains of John Wycliffe, a much-loved priest and highly esteemed Oxford scholar who had died on December 31, 1384. Wycliffe's exhumed bones were then burned and the ashes scattered in the river Swift.

What had he done to deserve such a fate? Why was the Church of Rome so intent on ridding the earth of his remains? John Wycliffe had dared to speak the truth and provide the Word of God to people in their native tongue.

A century before the birth of Martin Luther, Wycliffe proclaimed, "Trust wholly in Christ; rely altogether on his sufferings; beware of seeking to be justified in any other way than by his righteousness."¹

THE POWER OF SCRIPTURE

Wycliffe knew the power of Scripture and was determined to provide it in the common language, rather than in Latin only—the language of the learned. While facing fierce opposition, he carried forward this important work, explaining that "Englishmen learn Christ's law best in English. Moses heard God's law in his own tongue; so did Christ's apostles."²

The Wycliffe Bible had a profound influence as it gave thousands direct access to God's Word. In the classic *Foxe's Book of Martyrs* John Foxe wrote: "Though they digged up his [Wycliffe's] body, burnt his bones, and drowned his ashes, yet the Word of God and the truth of his doctrine, with the fruit and success thereof, they could not burn; which yet to this day . . . doth remain."³

THE TYNDALE BIBLE

William Tyndale, a gifted Oxford and Cambridge scholar who was fluent in eight languages, is perhaps the most well-known Bible translator and martyr. Living in sixteenth-century England, Tyndale was familiar with Wycliffe's Bible. Although it was still banned, manuscript copies were available on

the black market, but they were expensive and hard to find.

Printing was becoming more common by the mid-1500s, so Tyndale decided the time was right for an updated English translation that would be accessible to more people. Tyndale translated from original Greek and Hebrew texts, rather than Latin, as Wycliffe had done.

Because of the religious climate in England, Tyndale traveled to Germany, where the Reformation was well under way and Martin Luther had completed a German translation of the Scriptures.

Tyndale worked quickly, and by 1525 copies of his New Testament were smuggled into England. Religious leaders were furious that they could not stop the spread of God's Word. Meanwhile, Tyndale worked on translating the Old Testament while still living on the European continent. He translated and published roughly half of the Old Testament before he was betrayed by a fellow Englishman.

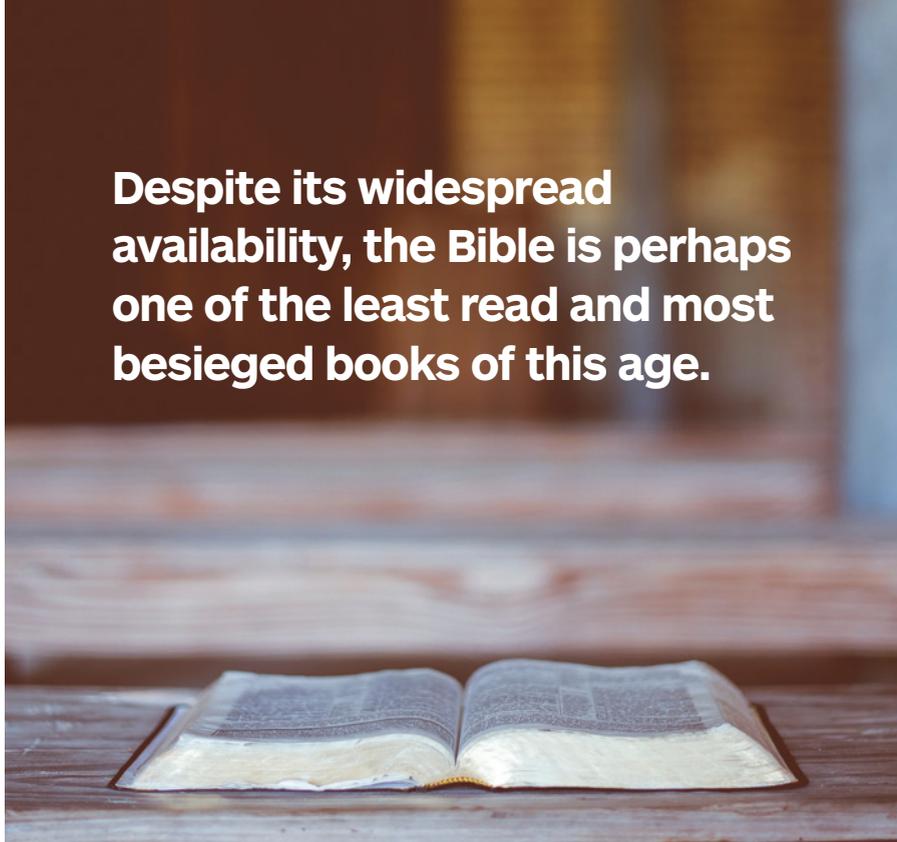
William Tyndale was imprisoned for more than 500 days in a castle near Brussels before he was removed from its dungeon in October 1536, tied to a stake in the castle courtyard, then strangled with a thick chain before his body was burned.

John Hus, a Czech priest, was another such translator and martyr.⁴ Others suffered a similar fate.

What was so precious about Scripture that they, and thousands more, were willing to suffer and die? Is God's Word as important to us today?

The Bible is now widely available. It has the distinction of being the bestseller of all time. It is the most translated book in the world. Various individual books of Scripture have been translated into 2,932 different languages. The entire New Testament is available

Despite its widespread availability, the Bible is perhaps one of the least read and most besieged books of this age.



in 1,333 languages. The complete Bible has been translated into 553 languages.⁵

MOST BESIEGED BOOK

Despite its widespread availability, the Bible is perhaps one of the least read and most besieged books of this age. While persecution for owning a Bible still occurs in some places, in much of the world, attacks on Scripture come more subtly.

One of the most pernicious attacks comes through the historical-critical method of Bible study. In this method readers decide what is and what is not important, what is trustworthy, and what can be set aside. Readers put themselves above Scripture.

Another subtle attack is the insinuation that one needs to be a scholar or theologian to understand the Bible; otherwise one can obtain only a "surface reading" of the text. This reasoning harkens back to the Roman Catholic Church, which claimed that only scholars of the church are capable of interpreting Scripture.

God, on the other hand, promised in His Word, "If any of you lacks wisdom, let him ask of God, who gives to all liberally and without reproach, and it will be given to him. But let him ask in faith, with no doubting, for he who doubts is like a wave of the sea driven and tossed by the wind" (James 1:5, 6).

Why are the Scriptures so important? Let's briefly look at three of the many reasons:

THE BIBLE REVEALS GOD.

"In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God" (John 1:1). Through God's Word we learn about Him. It shows how God deals with the problem of sin, and how He longs to reconcile us to Himself. It reveals His creativity, His majesty, His mercy, His justice, and His plans. "Surely the Lord God does nothing, unless He revealeth his secret unto his servants the prophets" (Amos 3:7).

Our first Fundamental Belief states: "The Holy Scriptures, Old and New Testaments, are the written Word of God, given by

divine inspiration. The inspired authors spoke and wrote as they were moved by the Holy Spirit. In this Word, God has committed to humanity the knowledge necessary for salvation. The Holy Scriptures are the supreme, authoritative, and infallible revelation of His will. They are the standard of character, the test of experience, the definite revealer of doctrines, and the trustworthy record of God's acts in history."⁶

GOD'S WORD IS TRUTH.

"I am the way, the truth, and the life," said Jesus (John 14:6). In His prayer to His Father recorded in John 17, Jesus prayed, "Sanctify them by Your truth. Your word is truth" (verse 17).

When Jesus was confronted by religious leaders who were angry because He claimed to be the Son of God, Jesus went to Scripture for authority. "The Father Himself, who sent Me, has testified of Me," Jesus told them. "But you do not have His word abiding in you. . . . Do not think that I shall accuse you to the Father; there is one who accuses you—Moses, in whom you trust. For if you believed Moses, you would believe Me; for he wrote about Me" (John 5:37-45).

Scripture, Jesus affirms, testifies of Him. They reveal God's divine purposes and plans, and explain how sin entered the world. They reveal God's response to sin and His relationship with human beings, and give insight into the character and nature of God.

THE SCRIPTURES ARE INSTRUCTIVE

"The Bible is the most comprehensive and the most instructive history which men possess," wrote Ellen White. "It [the Bible] came fresh from the fountain of eternal truth, and a divine hand has preserved its purity through all

the ages. Its bright rays shine into the far distant past, where human research seeks vainly to penetrate. In God's Word alone we find an account of creation. Here we behold the power that laid the foundation of the earth, and that stretched out the heavens. Here, only, can we find a history of our race, unsullied by human prejudice or human pride."⁷

The Bible, like Jesus, rises above culture, prejudice, and pride. It reveals to us the truth about ourselves, about our world, and beyond. It teaches us how to have a genuine relationship with God and with each other, and gives us powerful promises that we may live a consistent spiritual life.

"A great work can be done by presenting to the people the Bible just as it reads," wrote Ellen White.⁸ "Admonish them to take the Bible as it is, to implore divine enlightenment, and then, when the light shines, to gladly accept each precious ray, and fearlessly abide the consequences."⁸

SCRIPTURE OUR SAFEGUARD

While on earth, the subject of Christ's teaching and preaching was the Word of God. We are told, "Christ's servants are to do the same work. In our day, as of old, the vital truths of God's Word are set aside for human theories and speculations. Many professed ministers of the gospel do not accept the whole Bible as the inspired Word. . . . They set up their judgment as superior to the Word; and the Scripture which they do teach rests upon their own authority. Its divine authenticity is destroyed. Thus the seeds of infidelity are sown broadcast; for the people become confused and know not what to believe.

"[Christ] taught that the Word of God was to be understood by all. He pointed to the Scriptures as of unquestionable authority, and

we should do the same. The Bible is to be presented as the Word of the infinite God, as the end of all controversy and the foundation of all faith."⁹

As we remember the faithful martyrs—those who were willing to sacrifice self rather than Scripture—let us treasure, teach, and preach the mighty, living Word of God until Jesus comes, and be able to say with David, "Thy word have I hid in mine heart, that I might not sin against thee" (Ps. 119:11). ©

Suggestions for Prayer

1. Ask God to give you, personally, a greater appreciation for, and dedication to, God's Word.
2. Ask God to bless those who "break the bread of life" to your community of faith with understanding.
3. Pray for those, worldwide, who may not have the privilege of access to Scripture because of scarcity or persecution.

¹ John Wycliffe, "Pre-Reformation Reformer," *Christian History, Christianity Today*, www.christianitytoday.com/history/people/moversandshakers/john-wycliffe.html.

² *Ibid.*

³ *Ibid.*

⁴ Emma Mason, "The murderous history of Bible translations," *BBC History Magazine*, www.historyextra.com/article/feature/murderous-history-bible-translations; "John Huss, Pre-Reformation Reformer," *Christian History, Christianity Today*, www.christianitytoday.com/history/people/martyrs/john-huss.html.

⁵ Statistics from Wycliffe Global Alliance, Oct. 2015, cited in *Biblica*, International Bible Society, www.biblica.com/resources/bible-faqs/how-many-different-languages-has-the-bible-been-translated-into/.

⁶ *28 Fundamental Beliefs*, 2015 edition, Seventh-day Adventist Church, szu.adventist.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/04/28_Beliefs.pdf.

⁷ Ellen G. White, *Christian Education*, p. 37.

⁸ White, *Christian Service*, p. 144.

⁹ White, *Christ's Object Lessons*, pp. 38, 39.

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Sunday

The Supreme Authority

Inspired counsel is relevant today as when it was written

BY ALEJANDRO MEDINA VILLARREAL

In 606 B.C. Israel was about to face one of the worst crises in its history. Within a few years, in 586 B.C., the kingdom of Judah would be destroyed. King Jehoiakim (reigned 609-598 B.C.) had submitted to the dominion of Egypt, paying high tributes (2 Kings 23:35). The next year (605 B.C.), in the battle of Carchemish, Nebuchadnezzar II defeated Pharaoh Necho II and the Egyptian army, changing the political landscape of the region. Jehoiakim was now forced to switch his allegiance and covenant loyalty from Egypt to Babylon (2 Kings 24:1).

Sadly, the young Jehoiakim turned out to be a pathetic leader at a crucial moment for God's people. He thought only about amassing wealth that led to corruption, injustice, and other abuses (Jer. 22).

A MESSAGE FROM HEAVEN

Around 605 B.C., the Lord sent King Jehoiakim an important message through the Prophet Jeremiah: "Take a scroll and write on it all the words I have spoken to you concerning Israel, Judah and all the other nations from the time I began speaking to you in the reign of Josiah till now. Perhaps when the people of Judah hear about every disaster I plan to inflict on them, they will each turn from their wicked ways; then I will forgive their wickedness and their sin" (Jer. 36:2, 3, NIV).

Jeremiah obeyed and dictated to Baruch the words the Lord inspired. Baruch read the scroll before the people (verses 9, 10).

When the people heard the message, they were alarmed and said, "We must report all these words to the king" (verse 16, NIV). They did so, but not before asking Baruch and Jeremiah to go hide.

A KING WITH A POSTMODERN ATTITUDE

The king of Judah responded with particular boldness. Jeremiah relays, "It was the ninth month and the king was sitting in the winter apartment,

with a fire burning in the firepot in front of him. Whenever Jehudi had read three or four columns of the scroll, the king cut them off with a scribe's knife and threw them into the firepot, until the entire scroll was burned in the fire" (verses 22, 23, NIV). Jehoiakim reveals a rather postmodern attitude:

He was not interested in the Word of God.

He thought that its content was completely irrelevant.

He believed that God's Word had no authority.

He thought he could live without divine counsel.

He went beyond indifference and had no problem destroying Scripture.

He didn't understand that he was rejecting his last opportunity to avoid the crisis.

Throughout history, Satan has instigated various actions against the Bible and its authority:

1. *In the premodern age*, destruction and persecution.

2. *In the modern age*, ideological attacks.

3. *In the postmodern age*, an indifferent and disdainful attitude.

THE PRESENT-DAY CHALLENGE REGARDING THE BIBLE

Today we also live in a time of crises: existential, economic, environmental. In our families we face crises related to food, health, and security. Where can we search for answers to these issues? The Bible says: "Call to me and I will answer you and tell you great and unsearchable things you do not know" (Jer. 33:3, NIV). Yes, the Word of God has effective solutions for the challenges of daily life.

But what does postmodern society do? It shows indifference to the Scriptures, and rejects them

Throughout history, Satan has instigated various actions against the Bible and its authority.

because it feels as though the Bible does not have any authority; there are even attempts to literally destroy copies of the Bible.

Are these responses helpful? No, because people still have real spiritual needs. In the secular world people search for spirituality from false sources, but in the church we experience another consequence: biblical illiteracy.

What are the results of biblical illiteracy? The rise of biblical mysticism and the increase of spiritual legends; the search for a spectacular and oversentimental worship experience; the appearance of Christian “superstars,” whose declarations and interpretations are followed by their admirers; and the building of a church that is vulnerable to all kinds of deceptions and absurdities preached in the name of God.

COUNTERING THE REJECTION OF SCRIPTURE

The Word of God cannot be destroyed: “The grass withers and the flowers fall, but the word of

our God endures forever” (Isa. 40:8, NIV). Although King Jehoiakim destroyed the scroll, God ordered Jeremiah to write a new scroll *adding even more points* (Jer. 36:28-31). Nobody can stop the advance of the gospel. God’s Word does not depend on capricious human hearts (Luke 19:14).

Egypt was the great hope of King Jehoiakim. As a result, in 598 B.C., encouraged by Pharaoh, he rebelled openly against Nebuchadnezzar. The king of Judah convinced his people that if they fought against Babylon the Egyptians would help them. Instead, the rebellion provoked a new invasion by the powerful Chaldean army. The truth is that Egypt had never intended to help Judah; they were just buying time to fulfill their own interests.

God sent King Jehoiakim a message of hope to save his people, but he rejected it because he put his trust in a false hope.

As messengers of the Word of God, we cannot assume that biblical preaching will be welcomed. Today many just want to hear a word approving their iniquities. Ellen White wrote: “Many refuse to heed repeated warnings, preferring rather to listen to false teachers who flatter their vanity and overlook their evil-doing. In the day of trouble such will have no sure refuge, no help from heaven. God’s chosen servants should meet with courage and patience the trials and sufferings that befall them through reproach, neglect, and misrepresentation. They should continue to discharge faithfully the work God has given them to do, ever remembering that the prophets of old and the Savior of mankind and His apostles also endured abuse and persecution for the Word’s sake.”*

CONCLUSIONS ABOUT SCRIPTURAL AUTHORITY

1. God is the only one who knows the future. He is the Source of all the information that appears in the Bible (Isa. 46:10; 2 Tim. 3:16).

2. We must not expect people to easily accept biblical messages (John 15:18, 19).

3. Postmodern society tends to reject the Word of God through indifference and disdain, preferring to trust in false concepts and philosophies (Rev. 3:17).

4. Biblical illiteracy promotes an uncertain religious experience based in personal interests (Matt. 7:21-23).

5. God’s message will remain despite people’s rejection (and sometimes destruction) of Scripture (Matt. 24:35).

6. The Bible holds supreme authority. We must, therefore, pay attention to its message (Ps. 119:160). ©

Suggestions for Prayer

1. Pray that the Lord will help us understand how we can respect and obey His Word.
2. Pray for the Lord to help His church remain faithful to His Word as we share His end-time message.
3. Pray for those in your family and friendship circle who have yet to understand and accept the authority of Scripture.

*Ellen G. White, *Prophets and Kings* (Mountain View, Calif.: Pacific Press Pub. Assn., 1917), p. 437.

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Monday

How to Read the Word

“Did not our hearts burn within us . . . while he opened to us the Scriptures?”¹

BY FÉLIX H. CORTEZ

One of the things in the Bible I find most astonishing is that the disciples were completely discouraged by Jesus’ death on the cross. If you think about it, it is very startling.

During His ministry Jesus taught the disciples several times in plain and explicit language that He was going to be killed, but also that He would rise from the dead.² The cross, however, caught the disciples by surprise, and when Jesus arose they failed to believe! How could this have happened?

When I think about it, the disciples’ failure disturbs me, because I sense that it could also happen to me. The good news I have, however, is that it doesn’t have to be this way. On the road to Emmaus, Jesus explained how we should read the Bible.

PLACE YOUR FAITH IN THE BIBLE

Jesus explained that the reason His disciples failed to understand was that they failed to “believe” (Luke 24:25). Faith in the Word of God is the first step toward understanding (Heb. 11:3).

Some readers place their trust in the church or church leaders. They are happy to let them do the thinking and tell them what the Bible means. Some do it for convenience, but others think that the Bible has a kind of “spiritual” or “secret” meaning that only a select few can understand. This is the basis for allegory.

For example, Bernard of Clairvaux, a French abbot in the twelfth century, wrote a sermon on the “teeth” of the bride in Song of Solomon 4:2. He argued that the teeth represented the monks of the higher and

lower orders in a monastery. His sermon is fascinating, but it doesn’t have anything to do with the original meaning of Song of Songs 4:2.

A similar phenomenon happens today when preachers interpret Scripture in ways different from the original meaning of the passage. Allegory tells us more about the ability of the interpreters and the meaning they want to convey than about the meaning of the passage. It places our trust in human beings and exalts them.

But the Bible says that God gave His Word to everyone, and that all can understand it, even children (Matt. 11:25, 26; John 7:17; 2 Tim. 3:14-17).

Other readers place their trust in human reason. God gave us the ability to reason. He wants us to use it in our relationship with Him (e.g., Isa. 1:18). For some readers, however, reason neutralizes the power of God’s Word. When a biblical assertion does not meet human logic, they push it aside considering it an error that somehow crept into the Bible. But God is greater than our ability to understand Him. We need to trust Him anyway (Matt. 22:29-32; cf. 1 Cor. 1:18-25).

Some readers trust in themselves. They take the words but forget the context and the original intent of that passage, setting themselves up unwittingly as the determinant factor of interpretation.

For example, what does 1 Peter 2:21 mean when it says that Jesus left us an “example” so that we might “follow in his steps” (NIV)? If we ignore the context, this passage could mean that we should wear the same kind of clothes Jesus wore, be single as He was, and similar things the interpreter may want it to say.

The Bible says that God gave His Word to everyone, and that all can understand it, even children.

The context of the passage is clear, however. God meant that we should not “commit sin,” “revile,” or “threaten” when we are mistreated. When we disregard the context of Scripture, we set up ourselves as the determinant factor of interpretation.

Others have given up faith altogether. Frustrated by the diversity of interpretations, some have come to believe that no one has the truth. But Scripture says that God has given us His Holy Spirit to guide us “into all truth” (John 16:13).

God desires that we place our faith in Him, not the church, its leaders, human reason, even ourselves, because we are all fallible.

READ ALL THE SCRIPTURES

Another reason that Jesus’ death on the cross caught the disciples by surprise is that they had not read “all” the Scriptures. They had focused, instead, on sections of the Bible that they liked. The disciples loved the title

Son of man, because it identified Jesus with the heavenly figure of Daniel 7:13, 14 who would receive dominion and a kingdom that would never be destroyed.

But Scripture also said that the Messiah would die for the sins of the people (Isa. 53) and be cut off (Dan. 9:26). The disciples did not “understand” these passages, or Jesus’ own warnings, because it went against what the disciples had always believed and against all their own desires. They did not have “ears to hear.”

In contrast, Jesus explained to the disciples, “beginning at Moses and *all the Prophets*, . . . [and] in *all the Scriptures* the things concerning Himself” (Luke 24:26). We need to do the same. To read “all the Scriptures” means asking God to give us “ears to hear” all the Scriptures, even those passages we would prefer not to be true or that we don’t like.

PRACTICE WHAT IS LEARNED

Obedience is the last step in understanding Scripture. Jesus said that those who are willing to do God’s will will know the truth (John 7:17). The same happened with the disciples on the road to Emmaus. When they urged Jesus to stay at their home, suggesting that they had accepted His message and wanted more, “their eyes were opened” and they recognized Him (Luke 24:31).

The opposite is also true. Those who do not “love . . . the truth” will be deceived at the end of time (2 Thess. 2:9-12; cf. 2 Tim. 4:3, 4).

Understanding is not a place at which one arrives, but a journey on which one embarks. Intimacy with God is the result of a life of risks taken to follow His counsel, and

the certainty it produces that His Word is true and His promises are sure. Once disciples have experienced this, they will not want to remain silent. Just like the disciples on the road to Emmaus. ©

Suggestions for Prayer

1. Pray that the Lord will give us “ears to hear” and the will to apply what we learn in Scripture.
2. Pray that, as a community of faith, we will place our faith explicitly in God’s Word.
3. As Adventists, we feel a special mission to help others learn about the three angels’ messages. Pray that we may apply the principle of considering “all the Scriptures” to our understanding and teaching of God’s Word.

¹ Luke 24:32, ESV. From The Holy Bible, English Standard Version, copyright © 2001 by Crossway Bibles, a division of Good News Publishers. Used by permission. All rights reserved.

² First prediction: Mark 8:31 and parallels. Second prediction: Mark 9:31 and parallels. The third was in the last trip to Jerusalem: Mark 10:32-34 and parallels. See also John 12:23, 27; 13:1; 16:4, 21, 32; 17:1.

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Tuesday

Scripture Makes the Difference

How can we know God, unless we know His story in the Bible?

BY KAREN HOLFORD

My husband is looking for a home for our young family. We have small children and the new town is far away. So Bernie is searching alone. He tries to look at houses through my eyes. He explores each room carefully, imagining our life together. Is the kitchen big enough? Is the yard safe for young children? Will everyone be happy here?

After 14 years of marriage and seven different homes, Bernie knows exactly what I like. He knows what I will appreciate about each home, what will annoy me, and what we will be able to change.

Eventually Bernie finds the home where our family will live, love, laugh, cry, and learn for the next 11 years. It's an exciting moment when he takes me on a guided tour through our new home. I can see that he has looked at everything through my eyes. It needs gallons of paint and a good scrub. But it's perfect. His careful choice was based on everything he had learned from living with me, listening to me, and studying me closely every day of our life together.

FACING COMPLEXITY

Choosing a new home is relatively easy. Life, however, is filled with many decisions that are far more challenging. "My wife has been offered a three-year contract to work in another country. She will be able to come home only twice a year. But it will pay for our children's education. Is it a good idea?" "Should we become pioneer missionaries?" "I'm in love with an amazing man! How will I know if God wants us to get married?" "My husband beats me and our children. How can I keep us safe?"

How can we make the "best" decisions when we are enmeshed in a web of conflicting information, beliefs, and ideas? And the "best" decisions from a human perspective are not always the best decisions from God's perspective.

INVITATION TO INTIMACY

The Bible does not give clear, step-by-step instructions for every challenge in our lives. It would be impossible to write a manual for every situation, from the beginning of time until now. People, cultures, and dilemmas change as the world changes.

The Bible is far richer and more useful than a do-it-yourself manual for life. It is an invitation from God to search for Him and find Him in every story and every situation. The Bible is filled with detailed pictures of His loving character. These snapshots are like separate frames of a brain scan. Only when we put all the images together can we build a virtual model of the brain and start to understand it as a whole.

The Bible helps us discover the many dimensions of God's loving character and understand how central He wants to be in our lives, and how to love Him and each other.

We asked our children to help us create a list of adjectives describing God's character. "Almighty!" "Accepting!" "Brave!" "Bountiful!" "Creative!" "Caring!" We scribbled down the almost 200 words as fast as they could call them out. The atmosphere exploded into joy. We knew that God was incredible. While our human vocabulary was barely adequate to describe His wonder, glory, and love, we suddenly had a much richer picture of our breathtaking God.

The Bible helps us discover the many dimensions of God's loving character and understand how central He wants to be in our lives, and how to love Him and each other.

FACE TO FACE

"The whole Bible is a revelation of the glory of God in Christ," wrote Ellen White. "Received, believed, obeyed, it is the great instrumentality in the transformation of character. It is the grand stimulus, the constraining force, that quickens the physical, mental, and spiritual powers and directs the life into right channels."

By reading the Bible, and by focusing on the character of God perfectly expressed through the life of Jesus, we come face to face with the Source of all the love in the universe, and we become changed into His likeness. The more closely we become acquainted with Him, the more closely we can listen to His guidance in our lives.

THROUGH GOD'S LOVING EYES

The more intimately we know God, the more deeply we experience how much He loves us and

everyone else. When we view our messy lives from God's loving and patient perspective we are more likely to make wise decisions.

When we face complex situations and we have no idea what to do, we can try listing the names of everyone involved. Then imagine that we are looking at each person, including ourselves, through God's eyes, and ask:

What are this person's spiritual, emotional, relational, and physical needs?

What is the best way to show this person God's love?

Which aspects of His character does God want me to develop in this situation?

How will my responses inspire others to come closer to God?

We can use prayerful reflection to guide us through the complexity of the situation. Remember, even if we don't make the perfect decision, God still loves us and wants the best for us. He will continue to work His loving purpose through our imperfect choices, just as He did with Abraham, Sarah, and Hagar; Joseph and his brothers; David and Bathsheba.

THE GREATEST OF THESE IS LOVE

Of all the magnificent characteristics of God, love is the greatest. "Beloved, let us love one another, for love is of God; and everyone who loves is born of God and knows God. He who does not love does not know God, for God is love. . . . Beloved, if God so loved us, we also ought to love one another" (1 John 4:7-11).

The most important reason for becoming more closely acquainted with God is that we can experience His kind, patient, forgiving, comforting, accepting, generous love, and fall in love with Him. Once we experience this amazing love

for ourselves, we are much better equipped to share His love with the world, and to help others fall in love with Him too.

When life is unbearably painful and our hearts break, our greatest comfort comes from our experience of God's loving character. We discover that He cares deeply about our tragedies and struggles (Ps. 34:18); He notices every tear we shed (Ps. 56:8); and He understands our vulnerabilities (Ps. 103:13-18). He longs for the day we can live with Him in heaven and He will wipe away all our tears (Rev. 21:1-4). ©

Suggestions for Prayer

1. Pray for God to help you see how He is lovingly guiding you to answers in His Word to your real-life questions.
2. Ask God to help you develop into His likeness as you focus on His love in the Word.
3. As you study His Word, pray that God will reveal His love to you, and shine His love through you into the lives of others.

* Ellen G. White, *Mind, Character and Personality* (Nashville: Southern Pub. Assn., 1977), vol. 1, pp. 93, 94.

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Wednesday

Behold! The Lamb of God

Christ is revealed in both
Old and New Testaments

BY DAVID THOMAS

How does the Bible show us Jesus? It turns out the answer to this question is quite expansive and interesting. It is also encouraging and potentially life-changing.

A most obvious place to catch a glimpse of Jesus in the Bible is in the Gospels—in the stories told about Him. Anyone who has read the Gospels knows that there are many stories about the things Jesus did and said. We look at the things Jesus did, and by observing them, we learn about Him. We can also learn from what He said. By observing both of these elements, we can learn how we should act. Let's see in what ways the Bible tells us about Jesus:

HIS STORY

First, we can read the narratives about Jesus. The narrative of Jesus and the woman caught in adultery, for example, is probably one of the better-known stories about Jesus. It is found in John 8. When we read it carefully, we see that the whole scenario was clearly set up to trap Jesus.

The scene portrayed is a disturbing one: the hard faces of the accusers, the total fear and embarrassment of the woman, the curiosity of bystanders, and Jesus in the middle of it all.

The most telling thing in this story is the reaction of Jesus to the woman that comes at the very end of the story. He did not condemn her, scold her, point out her sins, or delight in pointing out her failures. He did not dismiss her as no longer eligible for inclusion in the life of the community. Rather, he was kind to her. He acted as redemptively as possible. He had in mind the best course of action toward restoring the woman to the more noble state God attributed to humans at the very beginning.

Ellen White's commentary in *The Desire of Ages* on the effect of Jesus' kindness is heartening: "Her heart was melted, and she cast herself at the feet of Jesus, sobbing out her grateful love, and with bitter tears confessing her sins. This was to her the beginning of a new life, a life of purity and peace, devoted to the service of God."¹

In this story, we learn not only how Jesus behaved in the face of wrong, but also how He worked things around so as to be as redemptive as possible. We learn that kindness often opens the way for transformation. We learn also of Jesus' power to transform lives; that He is always looking for opportunities and ways to do so.

HIS WORDS

Second, we can take a close look at the sayings of Jesus as recorded in the Gospels. Here we look at what might be called the short, pithy sayings of Jesus rather than the larger lessons He taught. One example of this category: "The good person out of the good treasure of his heart produces good, and the evil person out of his evil treasure produces evil, for out of the abundance of the heart his mouth speaks" (Luke 6:45, ESV).²

Here is a foundational truth about life: what we put into our innermost being—the heart—ends up being manifested in public. If we school ourselves in the ways of goodness and righteousness, that's what comes out of us. If we give ourselves to evil and wrongdoing, that's what our lives will produce. It almost goes without saying that those who desire to be in the kingdom will be very careful about the things they give their time and attention to, for those things end up being transformative.

HIS IDENTITY

Third, we can learn about Jesus by reflecting on what He said about Himself. These statements are significant, for through them we learn about Jesus' self-perception. There are quite a few of these personal statements, particularly in the Gospel of John.

Jesus says, "My Father is still working, and I am working too.' For this reason the Jewish leaders wanted even more to kill him—not only because he was doing away with the Sabbath but also because he called God his own Father, thereby making himself equal with God" (John 5:17, 18, CEB).³ Here is a very clear statement that Jesus made about Himself. By reading it, we learn directly from Jesus who He was.

Jesus tells us that He is not an ordinary human being like the rest of us. Rather, He has direct links to eternity, to God, whom He called His Father. That Jesus meant that He was divine is clearly seen by the reaction that came from those who heard Him. They understood very well what He was saying, and thought His self-description to be so blasphemous, so offensive, that they wanted to kill Him.

This self-revealing statement made by Jesus is one place we find support

What we put into our innermost being—the heart—ends up being manifested in public.

for the Christian belief in the divinity of Jesus, a truth that is essential to His ability to bring us redemption.

HIS SERMONS

Fourth, we can learn a lot about Jesus from His more expansive teachings recorded in the Bible. Some of these teachings were conveyed by way of parables, many of which are well known even to this day. One that is not so well known but has a wonderful lesson is the one found in Luke 18:1-8.

It is about a widow, one of the most powerless members of ancient society, and a judge who turned out to be unjust. This judge refused to do right by the poor widow, so she, intending to obtain justice, kept going back to the judge, petitioning him to act on her behalf until he, out of a desire to simply to be rid of her, settled the issue in her favor.

This is an interesting parable, not just because of the tension produced by the inequities in social standing and power in the story, but because of the lesson it teaches by way of contrast. The message is that we ought to be, not like the judge, but rather like the widow. And the lesson? It is stated quite clearly right at the beginning of the parable: "To show them that they should always pray and not give up" (verse 1, NIV).

From this parable, we learn that persistence and perseverance are

So often even a little trouble sets us to doubting and whining, wondering if God cares for us anymore.

characteristics or qualities valued by Jesus. We are encouraged that if we are careful to develop persistence, it will serve us well as we navigate the rough-and-tumble lives we have to live on Planet Earth. So often even a little trouble sets us to doubting and whining, wondering if God cares for us anymore. Here we see that prayer and persistence are a great combination for helping us endure. Through this parable and others, we learn of Jesus.

We could, of course, look at any number of Jesus' other parables with good effect, but we continue searching out an answer to our initial question, "How does the Bible show us Jesus?"

THE TESTIMONY OF OTHERS

Fifth, we can also learn about Jesus by looking into the comments made by those who were with Jesus, and who, in consequence, developed opinions about Him. This evidence is significant because it comes from those who were present and saw Jesus in real life.

One of the most profound and engaging comments in this

category is the one made by John the Beloved Disciple in John 1:1-3. To a lot of people, this formulation of words is challenging because the language tends to sound a little funny. But it reveals an enormous truth: "In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God" (verse 1).

John, having been with Jesus, seeing Him at work, having listened to His teachings, observing all this in light of established Scripture, came to the remarkable conclusion that Jesus was God, something that flies in the face of anything that we would consider normal. The evidences were so profound that John came unavoidably to this conclusion.

From this episode we learn a lot about Jesus. He was not just another human being. He was, to use His own words, the Son of God. That was clearly understood by those who associated with Him.

The ways mentioned thus far in our attempt to understand how Jesus is revealed in the Bible are quite plain and not so difficult to trace. They teach us about Jesus in rather obvious and clear ways.

HIS PROPHECIES

Finally, we can go to another place in Scripture where we can learn of Jesus that is a bit more complicated, but one that can give us lots of added insight. It emerges from the discussion of the concept of a Deliverer, or Messiah.

Christians claim that in the person of Jesus we have the fulfillment of the many and various promises—particularly in the Old Testament—about a coming Messiah. When we link Jesus to these promises, we have an abundance of information that is truly engaging; information that goes all the way back to the book of Genesis where that first promise was made to Adam and Eve after they sinned, a promise made obtusely to them

via the curse that was placed on the serpent: "I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your offspring and her offspring; he shall bruise your head, and you shall bruise his heel" (Gen. 3:15, ESV).

Here in its most embryonic form, is an inkling of the first promise of many about deliverance, through Jesus, from the curse that came with sin.

In various ways the Bible tells us about Jesus. The Bible is a grand book with many strains of thought, but one central theme. God has acted decisively in history in the person of Jesus Christ, through whom we have redemption. Let us be among those who persistently believe! ☺

Suggestions for Prayer

1. Pray for persistence in reading about Jesus in His Word, so that we may know our Savior.
2. Pray for a desire to study the Bible with the intentionality that brings a better knowledge of Jesus.
3. Pray for an ensuing love of Jesus that will compel us to tell others about Him.

¹ Ellen G. White, *The Desire of Ages* (Mountain View, Calif.: Pacific Press Pub. Assn., 1898), p. 462.

² Scripture quotations marked ESV are from *The Holy Bible, English Standard Version*, © 2001 by Crossway Bibles, a division of Good News Publishers. Used by permission. All rights reserved.

³ Scripture quotations credited to CEB are from the *Common English Bible*, copyright 2011. Used by permission. All rights reserved.

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**In the beginning
was the Word,
and the Word was
with God, and the
Word was God.
JOHN 1:1**

Thursday

Inspiring Hope in a Hopeless World

The sufferings of this world
are nothing compared with its
future glory.

BY KELDIE PAROSCHI

Knowing that death was near, Moses stood on top of Mount Nebo, overlooking the Promised Land. He could see the lush plains and vineyards, exactly as God had promised. Moses had seen Israel's sufferings in Egypt, their harsh treatment, and he had chosen to listen to God's call to lead them out of slavery. He had relinquished his luxurious life and promising prospects in Egypt, choosing instead "to be mistreated along with the people of God than to enjoy the fleeting pleasures of sin" (Heb. 11:25, NIV). He had served as a lowly shepherd, then patiently endured Israel's complaints for years. Now, he faced death alone, knowing he would not enter the Promised Land and see the fulfillment of God's promise to Israel. It almost seemed as if his life of sacrifice and hardship had been in vain. He was deeply distressed.¹

What Moses may have felt at that moment reflected everything that is fundamentally wrong with this world. It seems that no matter how hard we try, people are still ungrateful. We still look on helplessly as loved ones suffer. Ultimately, we are faced with the unsurpassable enemy, which is death.

Thankfully, the Bible sheds light on the situation of our world and provides us with a glorious hope.

THE WAGES OF SIN

The Bible begins with a beautiful account of God's creative masterpiece. Everything was ingeniously designed by God and harmony reigned. In Eden, suffering and death were unheard-of. But humanity's freedom depended on its loyalty to God: in choosing to disobey God, suffering and death became the lot of humanity (Gen. 2:16, 17; Prov. 16:25; James 1:15). Adam and Eve were banished from the garden, and with them, all creation became marred with sin and corruption (Gen. 3:16-24; Rom. 8:20-22). We, their descendants, have been suffering the consequences ever since (Rom. 5:18).

Scripture affirms that death is not a normal or natural part of life. In fact, death is the opposite of natural. It had no place whatsoever in God's perfect world. God creates and breathes life into existence (Gen. 2:7; Job 33:4; Eze. 37:5), while death reverses and destroys life. Diseases, wars, and famines are the painful consequences of sin, ultimately leading to death. Adam's sin allowed Satan to usurp his place as prince of this world (Job 1:6; Matt. 4:8, 9; 2 Cor. 4:4). Since "the wages of sin is death" (Rom. 6:23), Satan considered it his right to claim "all who were in the tomb . . . as his captives."² He had successfully provoked Moses to sin against God, costing him entrance into the Promised Land (Num. 20:8-12). But when Satan stepped up to claim Moses' body, Christ intervened (Jude 9).

THE GIFT OF GOD

Moses' belief in God's promise encouraged him to endure those decades of hardship in the desert. He witnessed countless signs of God's power and might; he knew that God would be faithful to His

Since the entrance of sin God has promised time and again that He would deliver us from the bondage of sin and death.

word. Since the entrance of sin God has promised time and again that He would deliver us from the bondage of sin and death, providing evidence that He had power to fulfill His promise (Deut. 7:9; Heb. 10:23). Isaac was born, despite Abraham and Sarah's old age (Gen. 12:2; 21:2, 3). Israel was led miraculously out of Egypt, crossing the Red Sea on dry ground (Ex. 2:23-25; 14:29). God sustained the people during their 40 years in the desert, feeding them daily with manna (Deut. 8:1-10). Countless times God delivered Israel in battle: through Joshua, Deborah, Gideon, and others.

The greatest evidence, however, that God would indeed fulfill His promise is Jesus. Many passages in the Old Testament, including the first promise of deliverance after Adam and Eve sinned, point forward to the Messiah (Gen. 3:15;

Num. 24:17; Deut. 18:15; Isa. 53). Jesus' ministry was a glimpse of God's power over sin and death. His miracles showed Him restoring vigor to people plagued with disease and suffering. The expulsion of demons showed His authority over the forces of evil.

It was at the cross, however, that the full significance of sin and death became evident. Jesus, the sinless Son of God, bore the sins of the whole world. He died alone, crushed with the weight of complete separation from the Father. But Jesus rose on the third day, demonstrating His power over death, clothed with the eternal life God intended for His people.

Jesus' resurrection is the foundation of our faith. Had He not risen from the dead, there would be no reason to believe in a better future (John 11:25, 26; 1 Cor. 15:13-26). But because He defeated death, we can be assured that Christ will return as promised, to restore this world to its original glory. In that day, "death shall be no more, neither shall there be mourning, nor crying, nor pain anymore, for the former things have passed away" (Rev. 21:4, ESV; cf. 1 Cor. 15:51-53).³

Moses believed in this promise. He knew that the sufferings of this world are nothing compared to the glorious future God has prepared for us. Because of this, he remained faithful until the very end. And though he was denied entrance into Canaan, Christ claimed him as His child, blessing him with eternal life (Heb. 11:26; cf. Rom. 8:18).

PRACTICING HOPE

In our world, sin, suffering, and death are the norm. Still, we can be assured that God will keep His promise to create all things new, forever eliminating pain and death. While there is no need for despair,

we should not simply sit and wait for God to intervene. Although we should live with our eyes set on the future, we still have a responsibility to the present.

That includes acknowledging the suffering of those around us, lending a shoulder to cry on, giving to those in need. It includes being faithful to God's law, trusting that "the fear of the Lord leads to life" (Prov. 19:23; cf. 12:28).

Finally, it means sharing the good news of salvation and our glorious hope to everyone within our reach. Without this message of hope, people's best efforts will still lead them straight to the tomb. But we can enthusiastically proclaim Christ's victory over death! Through faith in Him, we can live confidently today, knowing that the Promised Land awaits. ©

Suggestions for Prayer

1. Pray that the hope we have in Jesus will catch fire in our hearts.
2. Ask God to help us share our hope with someone every day.
3. Pray for our missionaries worldwide and our local churches as we minister this hope to others in practical ways.

¹ See Ellen G. White, *Patriarchs and Prophets* (Mountain View, Calif.: Pacific Press Pub. Assn., 1890), chap. 43.

² *Ibid.*, p. 478.

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Friday

Discerning Right From Wrong

Students of Scripture know how to make wise decisions.

BY VANDERLEI DORNELES DA SILVA

When I was a teenager, I read the following graffiti on a wall that left me perplexed: “Freedom is too little. What I desire still has no name.”

Our world seems to have reached the extremes in terms of relativism. People desire the end of all authority and tradition. Many want to be free to alter their own physical anatomy. Pluralism fosters the most diverse readings of the Scriptures. Postmodern theologies seek to dismantle oppressive social structures, supposedly maintained by the Bible, and promote a wide emancipation. Human opinions prevail to the detriment of the knowledge of divine truth.

How is it possible to know what is good and right in this relativistic age?

THE KNOWLEDGE OF GOD

Hosea prophesied to the tribes of northern Israel shortly before the fall of this kingdom in 722 B.C. Israel had broken its covenant with God and idolatry had plunged the nation into a deep crisis. The worship of the golden calves (Hosea 8:5, 6; 10:5), made by Jeroboam I (1 Kings 12), fomented immorality as had happened at Sinai (Ex. 32:6, 7).

In this crisis, the Lord warns that Samaria “is held guilty, for she has rebelled against her God” and “shall fall by the sword” (Hosea 13:16). Israel’s fall is attributed to the lack of three main virtues: “There is no truth or mercy, or knowledge of God” (Hosea 4:1), the absence of “knowledge” because of the neglect of God’s law (Ps. 119:66) and “the fear of the Lord” (Prov. 1:7, 2:5).

In His mercy the Lord promises restoration. Captivity would be like a “wilderness,” where God would speak to the hearts of His children (Hosea 2:14). Then He would break the enemy’s strength and make His people “lie down safely” again (verse 18). The Messiah would restore Israel because He would be filled with “knowledge” by virtue of the Holy Spirit (Isa. 11:2). By Christ’s manifestation the earth would be filled with the knowledge of God (Isa. 33:6; Hab. 2:14).

The children of Israel were to study and meditate on God’s law, the witness to the covenant with God, in order to have this knowledge. Moses recommended, “These words [the law] shall be in your heart” and “you shall bind them as a sign on your hand” (Deut. 6:6, 8). The “meditation” on the law of God was the delight of the psalmist (Ps. 119:97). He had hidden it in his “heart” in order not to sin (verse 11). This “knowledge” depends on meditating on God’s commandments and learning to do good and turning away from evil.

In this sense, biblical religion is an intelligent and instructive experience. The study of, meditation on, and teaching of God’s law is the primary activity by which knowledge of what is good, just, and holy becomes widespread among the people of God and, through them, potentially, the world. God’s people are light as they spread such knowledge among their neighbors.

There is an evident similarity between our time and the context of Hosea. Although religious practices and Bible reading are common today, ethics and biblical values that promote the fear of God are increasingly challenged. How can we hold the knowledge of God?

Those who love the Word of God long to study it in depth, feed on it, and abide by it.

TEACHING KNOWLEDGE

In Israel the knowledge of God was transmitted through worship and the work of the priests, whose lips were to “keep knowledge,” and in whose mouth “people should seek the law” (Mal. 2:7).

Teaching the will of God was a constant activity. In the temple, apart from the rituals, worship had an instructive purpose. David separated the sons of Asaph, Heman, and Jeduthun to “prophesy with harps, stringed instruments, and cymbals” (1 Chron. 25:1). In the synagogues, serving the Lord was synonymous to studying God’s law.

In the New Testament, the knowledge of God is manifested in the teaching of Christ (Luke 1:77) and the apostles based on Scripture (2 Tim. 3:16). John states that “eternal life” consists in “knowing” God and Jesus Christ (John 17:3). Paul refers to the knowledge of God

as the content of true religion (Col. 1:9). The rejection of this knowledge results in practicing “things which are not fitting” and a life of “unrighteousness, sexual immorality, wickedness, covetousness, maliciousness” (Rom. 1:28, 29).

On the other hand, the knowledge of God leads to “the unity of the faith” and the “perfect man, to the measure of the stature of the fullness of Christ” (Eph. 4:13).

Why wouldn’t we want to have God’s law in our hearts?

THE LOVE OF TRUTH

From an end-time point of view Paul predicts that the Holy Spirit will withdraw from the earth. The reason given is that those who reject the truth are so disoriented that they “believe the lie,” have “pleasure in unrighteousness,” and consider the wicked as divine (2 Thess. 2:7-11; 4; see Rev. 13:3, 4).

Ellen White echoes Paul’s words, saying, “Only those who have been diligent students of the Scriptures and who have received the love of the truth will be shielded from the powerful delusion that takes the world captive.”¹

Simple Bible preaching and story reading is not enough to address the complexity of current-day relativism and disappearing ethics. The fear of God depends on meditating on God’s law, which was given to guide us in moral and ethical decisions and choices.

As the psalmist did (Ps. 119: 97, 113), God’s people are called to “love” the truth. Those who love the Word of God long to study it in depth, feed on it, and abide by it. In fact, biblical truth is learned and loved when it is obeyed.

Ellen White adds, “The study of the Scriptures is the means divinely ordained to bring men into closer connection with their

Creator and to give them a clearer knowledge of His will.”² According to her, “the people of God are directed to the Scriptures as their safeguard against the influence of false teachers and the delusive power of spirits of darkness.”³ In our current context, the counterfeit is so similar to the truth that it is impossible to distinguish between them without scriptural discernment.

To face postmodern relativism, God’s people must maintain a personal experience with the will of God as revealed in His Word. The experiential knowledge of heavenly ethics revealed through the Scriptures enables us to distinguish between holy and profane, and to disciple others to make the same choices. ©

Suggestions for Prayer

1. Ask God to help us dedicate ourselves to regular Bible study.
2. Pray that, through our study of the Scriptures, the Lord will protect us from deception.
3. Ask God to bring into our lives others who are thirsting for truth, so that we can share our knowledge of Him with them.

¹ Ellen G. White, *The Great Controversy* (Mountain View, Calif.: Pacific Press Pub. Assn., 1911) p. 625.

² *Ibid.*, p. 69.

³ *Ibid.*, p. 593.

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Second Sabbath

The Importance of Scripture for the End Times

Staying grounded in Scripture is essential for staying Christian.

BY ELLEN G. WHITE

To the law and to the testimony: if they speak not according to this word, it is because there is no light in them." Isaiah 8:20, KJV. The people of God are directed to the Scriptures as their safeguard against the influence of false teachers and the delusive power of spirits of darkness.

Satan employs every possible device to prevent men from obtaining a knowledge of the Bible; for its plain utterances reveal his deceptions. At every revival of God's work the prince of evil is aroused to more intense activity; he is now putting forth his utmost efforts for a final struggle against Christ and His followers.

The last great delusion is soon to open before us. Antichrist is to perform his marvelous works in our sight. So closely will the counterfeit resemble the true that it will be impossible to distinguish between them except by the Holy Scriptures. By their testimony every statement and every miracle must be tested.

Those who endeavor to obey all the commandments of God will be opposed and derided. They can stand only in God. In order to endure the trial before them, they must understand the will of God as revealed in His Word; they can honor Him only as they have a right conception of His character, government, and purposes, and act in accordance with them. None but those who have fortified the mind with the truths of the Bible will stand through the last great conflict.

To every soul will come the searching test: Shall I obey God rather than men? The decisive hour is even now at hand. Are our feet planted on the rock of God's immutable word? Are we prepared to stand firm in defense of the commandments of God and the faith of Jesus?

Before His crucifixion the Saviour explained to His disciples that He was to be put to death and to rise again from the tomb, and angels were present to impress His words on minds and hearts. But the disciples were looking for temporal deliverance from the Roman yoke, and they could not tolerate the thought that He in whom all their hopes centered should suffer an ignominious death. The words which they needed to remember were banished from their minds; and when the time of trial came, it found them unprepared. The death of Jesus as fully destroyed their hopes as if He had not forewarned them.

So in the prophecies the future is opened before us as plainly as it was opened to the disciples by the words of Christ. The events connected with the close of probation and the work of preparation for the time of trouble are clearly presented. But multitudes have no more understanding of these important truths than if they had never been revealed. Satan watches

to catch away every impression that would make them wise unto salvation, and the time of trouble will find them unready.

STRONG DOCTRINE OVERLOOKED

When God sends to men warnings so important that they are represented as proclaimed by holy angels flying in the midst of heaven, He requires every person endowed with reasoning powers to heed the message. The fearful judgments denounced against the worship of the beast and his image (Revelation 14:9-11) should lead all to a diligent study of the prophecies to learn what the mark of the beast is, and how they are to avoid receiving it.

But the masses of the people turn away their ears from hearing the truth and are turned unto fables. The apostle Paul declared, looking down to the last days: "The time will come when they will not endure sound doctrine." 2 Timothy 4:3, KJV. That time has fully come. The multitudes do not want Bible truth, because it interferes with the desires of the sinful, world-loving heart; and Satan supplies the deceptions which they love.

But God will have a people upon the earth to maintain the Bible, and the Bible only, as the standard of all doctrines and the basis of all reforms. The opinions of learned men, the deductions of science, the creeds or decisions of ecclesiastical councils, as numerous and discordant as are the churches which they represent, the voice of the majority—not one nor all of these should be regarded as evidence for or against any point of religious faith. Before accepting any doctrine or precept, we should demand a plain "Thus saith the Lord" in its support.

Satan is constantly endeavoring to attract attention to man in the place of God. He leads the people to

When Christ came to speak the words of life, the common people heard Him gladly.

look to bishops, to pastors, to professors of theology, as their guides, instead of searching the Scriptures to learn their duty for themselves. Then, by controlling the minds of these leaders, he can influence the multitudes according to his will.

When Christ came to speak the words of life, the common people heard Him gladly; and many, even of the priests and rulers, believed on Him. But the chief of the priesthood and the leading men of the nation were determined to condemn and repudiate His teachings. Though they were baffled in all their efforts to find accusations against Him, though they could not but feel the influence of the divine power and wisdom attending His words, yet they incased themselves in prejudice; they rejected the clearest evidence of His Messiahship, lest they should be forced to become His disciples. These opponents of Jesus were men whom the people had been taught from infancy to reverence, to whose authority they had been accustomed implicitly to bow. "How is it," they asked, "that our rulers and learned scribes do not believe on Jesus? Would not these pious men receive Him if He were the Christ?" It was the influence of such teachers that led the Jewish nation to reject their Redeemer.

The spirit which actuated those priests and rulers is still manifested by many who make a high profession of piety. They refuse to examine the testimony of the Scriptures concerning the special truths for this time. They point to their own numbers, wealth, and popularity, and look with contempt upon the advocates of truth as few, poor, and unpopular, having a faith that separates them from the world.

Christ foresaw that the undue assumption of authority indulged by the scribes and Pharisees would not cease with the dispersion of the Jews. He had a prophetic view of the work of exalting human authority to rule the conscience, which has been so terrible a curse to the church in all ages. And His fearful denunciations of the scribes and Pharisees, and His warnings to the people not to follow these blind leaders, were placed on record as an admonition to future generations. . . .

REASON FOR THE WORD

God has given us His Word that we may become acquainted with its teachings and know for ourselves what He requires of us. When the lawyer came to Jesus with the inquiry, "What shall I do to inherit eternal life?" the Saviour referred him to the Scriptures, saying: "What is written in the law? how readest thou?" Ignorance will not excuse young or old, nor release them from the punishment due for the transgression of God's law; because there is in their hands a faithful presentation of that law and of its principles and claims.

It is not enough to have good intentions; it is not enough to do what a man thinks is right or what the minister tells him is right. His soul's salvation is at stake, and he should search the Scriptures for himself. However strong may be

his convictions, however confident he may be that the minister knows what is truth, this is not his foundation. He has a chart pointing out every waymark on the heavenward journey, and he ought not to guess at anything. . . .

We are living in the most solemn period of this world's history. The destiny of earth's teeming multitudes is about to be decided. Our own future well-being and also the salvation of other souls depend upon the course which we now pursue. We need to be guided by the Spirit of truth. Every follower of Christ should earnestly inquire: "Lord, what wilt Thou have me to do?"

We need to humble ourselves before the Lord, with fasting and prayer, and to meditate much upon His Word, especially upon the scenes of the judgment. We should now seek a deep and living experience in the things of God. We have not a moment to lose. Events of vital importance are taking place around us; we are on Satan's enchanted ground. Sleep not, sentinels of God; the foe is lurking near, ready at any moment, should you become lax and drowsy, to spring upon you and make you his prey.

Many are deceived as to their true condition before God. They congratulate themselves upon the wrong acts which they do not commit, and forget to enumerate the good and noble deeds which God requires of them, but which they have neglected to perform. It is not enough that they are trees in the garden of God. They are to answer His expectation by bearing fruit. He holds them accountable for their failure to accomplish all the good which they could have done, through His grace strengthening them. In the books of heaven they are registered as cumberers of the ground. Yet the case of even this class is not utterly hopeless. . . .

When the testing time shall come, those who have made God's Word their rule of life will be revealed. In summer there is no noticeable difference between evergreens and other trees; but when the blasts of winter come, the evergreens remain unchanged, while other trees are stripped of their foliage.

So the falsehearted professor may not now be distinguished from the real Christian, but the time is just upon us when the difference will be apparent. Let opposition arise, let bigotry and intolerance again bear sway, let persecution be kindled, and the halfhearted and hypocritical will waver and yield the faith; but the true Christian will stand firm as a rock, his faith stronger, his hope brighter, than in days of prosperity. ©

Suggestions for Prayer

1. Pray that as we study God's Word, His Spirit will guide us to people with whom we can share His love.
2. Pray to be so captivated by God's character that worldly distractions will lose their attractiveness.
3. Pray that our study of God's Word will open our eyes to those for whom we can minister.

This article is excerpted from *The Great Controversy* (Mountain View, Calif.: Pacific Press Pub. Assn., 1911), pp. 593-602. Seventh-day Adventists believe that **Ellen G. White** (1827-1915) exercised the biblical gift of prophecy during more than 70 years of public ministry.

Children's Readings

Finding Treasure in God's Word

The Bible is like a treasure map. As we read the Bible together this week we will dig for texts that teach us about:

- T**reasure in the Bible
- R**elying on the Bible
- E**xploring the words
- A**pplying the Bible
- S**eeing Jesus
- U**nderstanding hope
- R**ight from wrong
- E**ncouragement



Julie Weslake is a former teacher and director of the Children's Ministries Department of the South Pacific Division. She is passionate about churches and families building the faith of children. The Bible texts in this section are taken from the New International Version.

Why We Treasure the Bible

Treasure Text: “But store up for yourselves treasures in heaven where moths and vermin do not destroy and where thieves do not break in and steal. For where your treasure is, there your heart will be also” (Matthew 6:20, 21).

Gemma had made a special little box and decorated it with pictures. She wanted Grandma to have it, because she loved Grandma. Gemma knew exactly where she would put it. She had noticed where Grandma put her treasures, so she placed it carefully on the shelf beside some other ornaments and photos that Grandma liked to look at.

Sitting on the shelf was a book. Gemma thought that this must be a special book because it was on the special shelf. But as she opened the pages she was very concerned because someone had written in the book and underlined some of the words and paragraphs. Gemma knew that you should never write or draw in books, so she asked Grandma why her special book was underlined and written in.

Grandma explained that this book was indeed a special book. It was called a Bible. Grandma said she read it every day. The words in it, particularly the underlined words, were treasures that she wanted to remember because they connected her to Jesus and His love for her. Grandma said that the words showed her how to love Jesus and how to be like Him. The messages gave her purpose for each day and hope for her future. Grandma said she could not live without reading the messages God gave her each day.

Gemma was excited. She also wanted to love Jesus and find out more about Him. She wanted the treasure words to make her life happier. So she asked Grandma to show her how to read and understand the Bible and live with Jesus as her best friend.

Grandma was also excited. She said that there was nothing more important than sharing the words in the Bible. She explained that the Bible was like having a treasure map, and that when

you spend time reading the Bible, it is like digging to find gold, silver, or precious gems.

In Matthew 6:19-21 Jesus urges us not to spend our lives trying to get treasures here on earth. We should rather spend our time and money on things that Jesus would have us spend them on, so that our treasure will be in heaven. Because where our treasure is, our hearts are there also.

In a story found in Matthew 13:44-46 Jesus told His disciples that heaven is like treasure in a field. You might want to sell all you have to buy that field so you can have that treasure. The joy of being with Jesus in heaven and living with Him forever is just as precious. To get to heaven we will be happy to give up lots of things in our lives and spend time reading the Bible.

Let's Talk

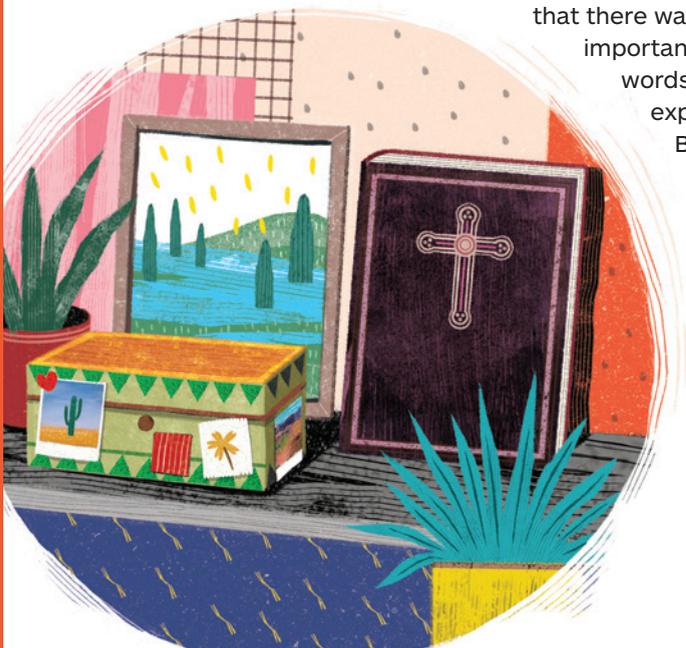
What could you spend your time and money on to receive the treasures offered in the Bible?

Let's Pray

Ask Jesus to help you find the important treasures in His Word that you need to live a holy life. Thank Him for the treasures He's already given you.

Let's Make

Draw a treasure map for around your room, church, or home. Hide Bible texts and show on the treasure map where to go to find them. When your friends and family have found them, read them out together.





Read the Bible— It Can Be Trusted

Treasure Text: “From infancy you have known the Holy Scriptures, which are able to make you wise for salvation through faith in Christ Jesus. All Scripture is God-breathed and is useful for teaching, rebuking, correcting and training in righteousness” (2 Timothy 3:15, 16).

Grandma showed Gemma where it says that the Bible is God’s book. It is called the Holy Scriptures because it tells us about God and how to give our hearts to Him and live for Him.

Grandma explained that the Bible was not really one book, but 66 smaller books written by different people, after God had given them ideas and words. The people wrote down what they remembered about what happened long ago, and some wrote about when Jesus was on earth. Some wrote songs or poems, and some wrote about things that were going to happen in the future.

The Bible tells us that the messages in the Bible didn’t just come from the writers’ own imaginations. “For prophecy never had its origins in the human will, but prophets, though human, spoke from God as they were carried along by the Holy Spirit” (2 Peter 1:21).

One book in the Bible tells us about a boy called Timothy who found Bible treasure. He discovered the Bible through his mother, Eunice, and his grandmother Lois. They knew how precious the words of the Bible were and decided that it was important to sit with Timothy every day and teach him how to “dig for treasure” in the Bible and give his heart to Jesus.

Because the Bible was inspired by God, Timothy developed a faith in Jesus that gave him courage and passion for sharing Jesus and leading other people to live for him.

People in Thessalonica believed Silas and Timothy when they told them about the Bible treasure and turned from loving idols and

started to love Jesus, the living God. Paul praised God for this. He wrote to the Thessalonians saying, “And we also thank God continually for you, because, when you received the word of God, which you heard from us, you accepted it not as a human, but as it actually is, the word of God which is indeed at work in you who believe” (1 Thessalonians 2:13).

Grandma asked Gemma if she knew what trust was. Gemma said it was like believing that Daddy would catch her when he told her to jump into the deep end of the swimming pool.

Grandma said that reading the Bible, trusting its words, came from God; and doing what it said was like reading and following a recipe and trusting that what you made would bake into a cake.

Let’s Talk

What are some of the books and programs you have read or seen that you know are not real? What books and programs do you have that are real and true?

Let’s Pray

Ask Jesus to help you focus on Bible stories that can help you grow, rather than on untrue stories that are just entertainment.

Let’s Make

Arrange the chairs in a room into an obstacle course. Write directions for someone to read to help another person who is blindfolded get through the obstacle course. For example, write down how many steps left, how many steps right or forward, they need to take to get along safely.

Explore the Bible— How I Read the Bible

Treasure Text: “In the same way, your Father in heaven is not willing that any of these little ones should perish” (Matthew 18:14).

Gemma told Grandma about a time when she was with Mommy exploring a new park and they couldn't find the place birds were kept. They had to stop and look at a park map to give them directions to get on the right path. It was funny because they had been going around in circles when the aviary was only a five-minute walk away.

Grandma laughed and said that sounds like some people who try to find God and His purpose and joy for their lives. Sometimes they look everywhere and try lots of things, but God is so close. They just need to read their Bibles. Many people think the Bible is too hard to read, that it is too complicated. Sometimes they don't trust that the Bible is really God's Word for them. Sometimes they think the Bible is just full of rules.

The best way to start exploring the Bible is to pray first. God's Holy Spirit will help us understand what we read. When Jesus went back to heaven, He promised that He would send “the Spirit of truth” to be with us forever. “The Holy Spirit, whom the Father will send in my name, will teach you all things,” He said. (John 14:17, 26).

Dear Jesus, please help me today to understand what I am reading in Your Word, the Bible.

Grandma told Gemma that she wished she could give her special Bible reading glasses so that when she put the glasses on she would see who God was and what He was like. If such glasses existed, they would show us that the most important thing about God is that He loves us. When we explore all the many words in the Bible, we need to wear our “God is love” glasses. It's easy to see God's love in these verses:

“And so we know and rely on the love God has for us. God is love. Whoever lives in love lives in God and God in them” (1 John 4:16). “We love because he first loved us” (1 John 4:19).

The Bible's key love message about God is that He sent His Son Jesus, to die for us: “For the Son of Man came to seek and to save the lost” (Luke 19:9, NIV).

God loves us so much that he will search for us like a shepherd searches for a lamb that has wandered away, become lost, and can't find its way home. God is both the treasure map and the treasure.



Dear Jesus, thank You for loving us, even though we don't deserve it. Help us to see Your love in everything we read in the Bible.

Let's Talk

What other ways can you receive the Bible message other than reading?

Let's Pray

Ask God to share His plan for your life as you faithfully study His Word.

Let's Make

Design and make some special Bible reading “God is love”-glasses. You could make these from cardboard and clear plastic or cellophane. Or you could make them from bending pipe cleaners.

Applying God's Treasure—the Bible Guides Me

Treasure Text: “I am the vine; you are the branches. If you remain in me and I in you, you will bear much fruit; apart from me you can do nothing” (John 15:5, NIV).

Gemma actually loved making things for people and being helpful at home and at school. But sometimes she just didn't feel like helping, and she sometimes felt that she made the wrong choices when people made her feel angry or sad. She said that she tried really hard at times, but it didn't seem to make any difference. She wondered if treasures in the Bible would help her love people more, and help her make the right decisions.

Grandma assured her that everybody makes mistakes, and that the treasures we read about in the Bible can help. The first Bible treasure to remember is that even though we don't feel any different, we just need to keep on reading the Bible. Jesus told His disciples that it works like a grapevine: As long as the branches (we) are connected to the vine (Jesus), the grapevine will keep producing lovely grapes (John 15:5). So every day we need to connect with Jesus through reading the Bible. This connection helps us act more like Jesus and make the right decisions every day. When the grapevine bears fruit, others will enjoy eating it too. When we bear Bible-treasure fruit, we can be a blessing to others.

Like the story that Gemma remembered from the Bible about a young Israelite slave girl who told her master about God's healing power when he was sick. Because she cared and shared her knowledge of God that she had from Bible treasures, her master, Captain Naaman, was healed. You can read this story treasure in 2 Kings 5:1-14.

Grandma explained that all the good things we do come from Jesus, and that we should thank Him for helping us. “Praise be to the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, the Father of compassion and the God of all comfort, who comforts us in all our troubles, so that we can comfort those in any trouble with the comfort we ourselves have received from God” (2 Corinthians 1:3, 4).

Gemma really wanted to be like Jesus. Grandma explained that it takes a lifetime to be like Him, and it's only through our daily reading and prayer that we grow little by little: “And we are being transformed into his likeness with ever-increasing glory, which

comes from the Lord who is the Spirit” (2 Corinthians 3:18).

Stay connected to Jesus through reading His words and He will give you His heart, His voice, His hands, and His feet so that we can share His love with others.

Let's Talk

If you could spend a day with Jesus, what would you talk about? Where would you go? What would you do?

Let's Pray

Ask Jesus to send someone to you today with whom you can share some of the treasure words you have discovered in the Bible.

Let's Make

Study the lifecycle of a monarch butterfly or a frog. Notice the big changes that are made by God's power. We also have this power to change when we ask for it and are connected to Jesus through the Bible.



The Bible Shows Me Jesus

Treasure Text: “She will give birth to a son, and you are to give him the name Jesus, because he will save his people from their sins” (Matthew 1:21, NIV).

It's interesting to find out why we were given our names and what they mean. Gemma was excited to find out that her name in French means “jewel,” and in English it means “precious stone.” When God's Son was to be born, an angel of the Lord appeared and told His earthly father, Joseph, that he was to give Him the name “Jesus.” It was specially chosen by God because it means that He would be the Saviour of the world.

The Bible uses many names for Jesus, and they all reveal who He is, His character, and His mission. Grandma asked Gemma to go and get her Bible, so they could explore the verses and find the different names for Jesus. They wrote all the names down on a big piece of paper. Here are some of them:

Immanuel, Matthew 1:23: “The virgin will conceive give birth to a son, and they will call him **Immanuel!** (which means, ‘God with us.’) God didn't want to be a distant God, He wanted to live among us. Jesus was God on earth.

Son of God, John 3:16: “For God so loved the world that he gave his one and only **Son**, that whoever believes in him shall not perish but have eternal life.” At Jesus' baptism God confirmed Jesus as His Son. “And a voice came from heaven: ‘You are my **Son**, whom I love; with you I am well pleased’ ” (Mark 1:11).

Son of man, Mark 10:45: “For even the **Son of Man** did not come to be served but to serve, and to give his life as a ransom for many.” Jesus is also called Son of Man. Jesus was God but He was born from an earthly mother, Mary. That makes Jesus very special because He was the Son of mankind, and He was also the Son of God.

Word of God, John 1:1, 14: “In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the **Word** was God..” “The Word became flesh and made his dwelling among us.” Jesus revealed God to us. He was the Word of God. In the beginning, He spoke the world into existence! “The Son is the image of the invisible God, the firstborn over all creation. For in him all things were created: things in heaven and on earth” (Colossians 1:15, 16, NIV). Not only did Jesus inspire the Bible, which is God's Word to us, but

Jesus is the Word of God. If we know Him, we know God.

There are many more names for Jesus in the Bible. Ask your parents or teachers to help you discover some more of them. Here are a few places to start:

Lamb of God: John 1:29, 36

Alpha and Omega:

Revelation 22:13

Bread of Life: John 6:35

Let's Talk

Find out what your name means, and why you were given that name.

Let's Pray

Ask Jesus to help you understand the precious meaning of all His names as you study the Word of God.

Let's Make

Write names of Jesus on strips of paper that are the same length. Make a paper chain and hang it between a picture of Jesus and a picture of you and your family.





Understanding the Treasure of Hope

Treasure Text: “For everything that was written in the past was written to teach us, so that through the endurance taught in the Scriptures and the encouragement they provide we might have hope” (Romans 15:4).

Gemma loved school, but she always looked forward to the holidays. This year they were going to fly to visit Grandma. Mommy bought the tickets months before the trip, and it seemed to Gemma as though the holiday was never going to arrive. She told Grandma this on the phone.

Grandma tried to encourage Gemma. She explained that looking forward to something was called having hope. You plan for it, buy your tickets, and pack your clothes. Grandma also wished that the holidays were already here. Grandma promised to give Gemma a big hug at the airport.

Grandma and Gemma talked about the hope that the Bible gives. Because Adam and Eve decided to listen to Satan, Romans 1:25 tells us that people started to worship and serve created things rather than God as the Creator. People began to do lots of things that were wrong and hurtful, and not spend time learning about God and trusting Him. But because God loves us so much, He made a plan to save those who would turn to Him. God’s plan would stop Satan and sin from hurting people. God’s Son, Jesus, would come to earth as a baby. Even though Jesus never did anything that was wrong, He died for our sins, so that we could be forgiven and live with Jesus in heaven forever. God’s love gives us hope that we will go to heaven and be able to live with Him forever. Grandma shared a treasure text with Gemma where Jesus said:

“Do not let your hearts be troubled. You believe in God, believe also in me. My Father’s house has many rooms; if that were not so, would I have told you that I am going there to prepare a place for you? And . . . I will come back and take you to be with me that you also may be where I am” (John 14:1-3).

As Gemma thought about the holiday, she thought how nice it will be when Jesus comes. Then she and Grandma could be with Jesus forever. Suddenly Gemma couldn’t wait for Jesus to come. She phoned Grandma and told her. Grandma was so happy to hear that Gemma was excited for Jesus to come. “We have a wonderful hope, Gemma,” Grandma said. “It’s a hope that makes my heart sing. It is the hope that one day Jesus will be seen in the sky, and He will even wake up the dead people who loved Him.”

“After that, we who are still alive and are left will be caught up together with them in the clouds to meet the Lord in the air. And so we will be with the Lord forever” (1 Thessalonians 4:17).

Gemma said she couldn’t wait! Can you?

Let’s Talk

How would you explain hope to another boy or girl?

Let’s Pray

Ask Jesus to help you give your heart to Him every day, so that you can go to heaven with Him when He comes.

Let’s Make

Make a promise box. Make a little box and decorate it with drawings and stickers. Cut out small pieces of paper the same size and write your favorite hope texts on them. Roll them up and stand them in the box until the box is full. Read one text every day, or give the promise box to a friend.

Right From Wrong—the Bible Helps Me Tell the Difference



Treasure Text: “ ‘Love the Lord your God with all your heart and with all your soul and with all your mind and with all your strength.’ . . . ‘Love your neighbor as yourself’ ” (Mark 12:30, 31).

Grandma could see that Gemma looked worried. She had heard her fighting during a game with her brother that morning. Angry words had been spoken. When Mommy asked her to say she was sorry, Gemma had chosen to close her mouth so tight that no words came out. Now Gemma sat outside on the step looking sad.

Grandma knew that there were many Bible treasure texts that could help Gemma choose to do the right thing. She reminded Gemma to put on her “God is love” glasses. Then they opened Grandma’s Bible and began to read and talk.

In Mark 12 Jesus said that the greatest commandment was to love God with all the passion, time, and energy we have; and that the second greatest commandment was to love our neighbor as ourselves. Grandma explained that when we are not sure what to do, we should think, *I wonder how I can best love God and my neighbor?* “Gemma,” Grandma said, “I’m pretty sure that Jesus counts your brother and all the people in your life, even in your street and beyond, as your neighbor.”

“If you love your brother, then you will try to say nice things to him. When we start to feel angry we can walk away until we have calmed down. If we want to treat Mommy with Jesus’ love, then we will obey her. In Proverbs 15:1 we can read, “A gentle answer turns away wrath, but a harsh word stirs up anger” (NIV).

Gemma thought for a while and then went off to find Mommy. There were some “I’m sorry” words she wanted to say to her.

First John 2:3-8 tells us that we know Jesus if we obey His commands, obey His Word, and walk as Jesus did. Some of the most important commands from God were given through Moses to the children of Israel, and to us. Jesus lived these Ten Commandments. The first four tell us how to love God, and the second six tell us how to love each other. Grandma read the Ten Commandments in Exodus 20 to Gemma and explained them to her.

Grandma said, “Gemma, everybody makes mistakes. But we can all ask God to forgive us, and work hard at staying connected to Jesus. Jesus promised that one day we will live and love as He does. First John 3:2 tells us that when He appears we shall be like Him, for we shall see

Him as He is. “Therefore, as God’s chosen people, holy and dearly loved, clothe yourselves with compassion, kindness, humility, gentleness and patience” (Colossians 3:12).

Let’s Talk

What is a good guide for working out what is right and wrong?

Let’s Pray

Ask Jesus to help us say we’re sorry to others when we’ve been wrong.

Let’s Make

Pack a box of clothes. Label each clothing item with an action or character trait. Some will be labeled with such words as gentleness, sharing, reading the Bible, and praying. Others will be labeled with such words as playing lots of video games, being selfish, lying, and stealing. Sort the clothes and pack the clothes we are packing for heaven into a suitcase.

Encouragement From the Bible

Treasure Text: “Your word is a lamp to my feet, a light on my path. . . . Your statutes are my heritage forever; they are the joy of my heart” (Psalm 119:105-111, NIV).

It was nearly time for Gemma to pack her bags and fly back home. She had enjoyed spending time with Grandma and finding treasures in the Bible. She was going to miss having Grandma to talk to. Grandma reminded her that the treasures that they had found were now in their hearts, so Gemma was going to take them home with her. Gemma had her own Bible, and she knew that Mommy and Daddy would help her find more treasures.

When we feel a bit lost and unsure of how to stay connected with Jesus, we can trust God’s Word. The Bible is like a light or a torch to show how to keep living the way Jesus wants us to.

Grandma explained that this world isn’t our forever home. We are all looking forward to going home to heaven. The closer this time comes, however, the more people will refuse to love God and follow Jesus. Without Bible treasures in their hearts they will find it harder to be kind to each other and help each other. The world is going to be a tough place to live in.

Jesus said that He is “light,” and that He is “the way, and the truth, and the life” (John 14:6). Being connected to Jesus through Bible reading and prayer will keep our love for Jesus strong. We do not need to worry about our life. The real treasure of the Bible is that Jesus loves us. Matthew 6:33 tells us to “seek first his kingdom, and his righteousness, and all these things will be given to you as well.”

Gemma remembered the story about a wise man who built his house on rock, and a foolish man who built it on sand. When the floods came, only the house on the rock stood firm. Jesus said that the wise man had heard

His words and put them into practice. Many people hear about Jesus and His love, but not many people accept this love and love Jesus enough to trust Him and live for Him.

Grandma told Gemma that Jesus wanted her to share His love and do good things for other people: “Let your light so shine before others, that they may see your good deeds and glorify your Father in heaven” (Matthew 5:16). It is so exciting to be God’s light and hope for people.

“Follow God’s example, therefore, as dearly loved children and walk in the way of love, just as Christ loved us and gave himself up for us as a fragrant offering and sacrifice to God” (Ephesians 5:1).

Let’s Talk

What eight treasures did we learn about this week?

Let’s Pray

Ask Jesus for a deep understanding of His love for us.

Let’s Make

Make a Bible bookmark. Write on it your favorite treasure text from this week. Decorate it with pictures or stickers. Tie on some pretty ribbon to hang below the Bible page you are reading.



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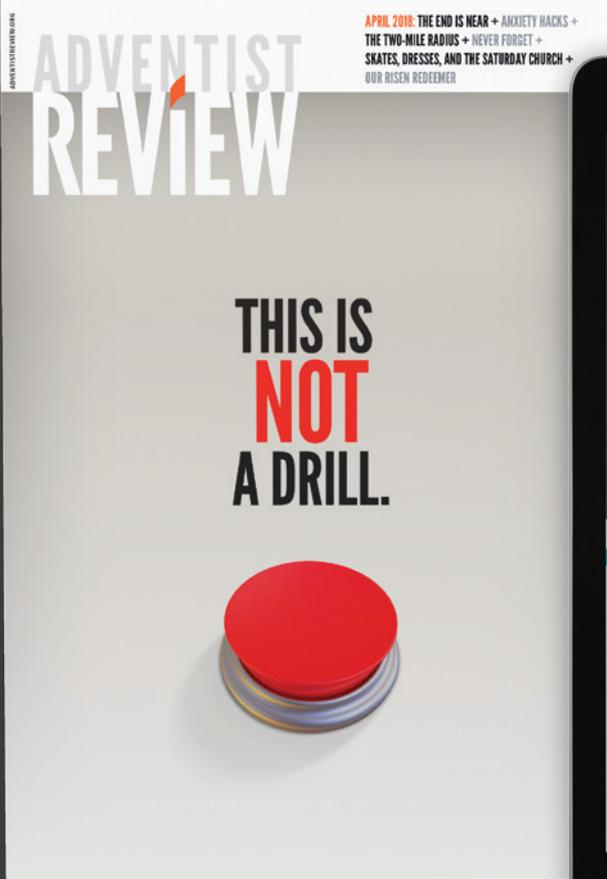
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Seventh-day
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Because light takes time to reach us, everything we see is in the past. The sun you can see out of the window is 8 minutes and 20 seconds old. The light from our nearest star, Proxima Centauri, is 4 years old.

KIDS VIEW

The Adventist Review for kids and those who always will be kids at heart

IT'S ABOUT TIME
By Bonita Joyner Shields

"There's a time for everything that is done on earth" (Ecclesiastes 3:1, NIV)*

Have you ever heard the expression "Time is money"? If so, do you know who first said it? Benjamin Franklin, one of the founders of the United States.

So what does that phrase mean? Basically, it means that time is a valuable resource; therefore, we must be careful about how we use it. For many people, especially in the business world, wasting time can mean losing money.

We talked before about how God owns everything (see "God Owns All My Stuff!" in the August 2016 issue of KidsView). All our time, abilities, possessions, bodies, and the earth and its creatures are gifts from God. We are "stewards," meaning that we are to manage these valuable resources for Him. So He not only cares about how we spend our money. He cares about how we spend our time. Are we wasting it? Or are we spending it on worthwhile things that will honor God and help others?

For example, Dona and her small group have been assigned a school project that's due next week. She and her classmates must create a salt-dough map of their state, as well as write history papers for it. Because it's a joint project, each person gets the same grade. So, if someone doesn't do their part, the rest of the group can get a bad grade—even if they do what they're supposed to do.

Dona gets distracted easily. So by the time she played with her neighbor's

—continued on page 4

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